

Light Rail Station Areas



- LU20:** Collaborate with regional transit providers to design transit stations and facilities that further the City’s vision by employing superior design techniques, such as use of sustainable materials; inclusion of public amenities, open space, and art; and substantial landscaping and retention of significant trees.
- LU21:** Work with Metro Transit, Sound Transit, and Community Transit to develop a transit service plan for the light rail stations. The plan should focus on connecting residents from all neighborhoods in Shoreline to the stations in a reliable, convenient, and efficient manner.
- LU22:** Encourage regional transit providers to work closely with affected neighborhoods in the design of any light rail transit facilities.
- LU23:** Work with neighborhood groups, business owners, regional transit providers, public entities, and other stakeholders to identify and fund additional improvements that can be efficiently constructed in conjunction with light rail and other transit facilities.
- LU24:** Maintain and enhance the safety of Shoreline’s streets when incorporating light rail, through the use of street design features, materials, street signage, and lane markings that provide clear, unambiguous direction to drivers, pedestrians, and bicyclists.
- LU25:** Evaluate property within a ½ mile radius of a light rail station for multi-family residential choices (R-18 or greater) that support light rail transit service, non-residential uses, non-motorized transportation improvements, and traffic and parking mitigation.
- LU26:** Evaluate property within a ¼ mile radius of a light rail station for multi-family residential housing choices (R-48 or greater) that support light rail transit service, non-residential uses, non-motorized transportation improvements, and traffic and parking mitigation.
- LU27:** Evaluate property along transportation corridors that connects light rail stations and other commercial nodes in the city, including Town Center, North City, Fircrest, and Ridgecrest for multi-family, mixed-use, and non-residential uses.
- LU28:** Implement a robust community involvement process that develops tools and plans to create vibrant, livable, and sustainable light rail station areas.
- LU29:** Create and apply innovative methods and tools to address land use transitions in order to manage impacts on residents and businesses in a way that respects individual property rights. Develop mechanisms to provide timely information so residents can plan for and respond to changes.
- LU30:** Encourage and solicit the input of stakeholders, including residents; property and business owners; non-motorized transportation advocates; environmental preservation organizations; and transit, affordable housing, and public health agencies.
- LU31:** Create a strategy in partnership with the adjoining neighborhoods for phasing redevelopment of current land uses to those suited for *Transit-Oriented Communities (TOCs)*, taking into account when the city’s development needs and market demands are ready for change.



LAND USE

Goals and Policies

- LU32:** Allow and encourage uses in station areas that will foster the creation of communities that are socially, environmentally, and economically sustainable.
- LU33:** Regulate design of station areas to serve the greatest number of people traveling to and from Shoreline. Combine appropriate residential densities with a mix of commercial and office uses, and multi-modal transportation facilities.
- LU34:** Pursue market studies to determine the feasibility of developing any of Shoreline's station areas as destinations (example: regional job, shopping, or entertainment centers).
- LU35:** Identify the market and potential for redevelopment of public properties located in station and study areas.
- LU36:** Encourage development of station areas as inclusive neighborhoods in Shoreline with connections to other transit systems, commercial nodes, and neighborhoods.
- LU37:** Regulate station area design to provide transition from high-density multi-family residential and commercial development to single-family residential development.
- LU38:** Through redevelopment opportunities in station areas, promote restoration of adjacent streams, creeks, and other environmentally sensitive areas; improve public access to these areas; and provide public education about the functions and values of adjacent natural areas.
- LU39:** Use the investment in light rail as a foundation for other community enhancements.
- LU40:** Explore and promote a reduced dependence upon automobiles by developing transportation alternatives and determining the appropriate number of parking stalls required for TOCs. These alternatives may include: ride-sharing or vanpooling, car-sharing (i.e. Zipcar), bike-sharing, and walking and bicycle safety programs.
- LU41:** Consider a flexible approach in design of parking facilities that serve light rail stations, which could be converted to other uses if demands for parking are reduced over time.
- LU42:** Transit Oriented Communities should include non-motorized corridors, including undeveloped rights-of-way, which are accessible to the public, and provide shortcuts for bicyclists and pedestrians to destinations and transit. These corridors should be connected with the surrounding bicycle and sidewalk networks.
- LU43:** Employ design techniques and effective technologies that deter crime and protect the safety of transit users and neighbors.

Transit-Oriented Communities (TOCs) are mixed-use residential or commercial areas designed to maximize access to public transport, and often incorporate features to encourage transit ridership. A TOC typically has a center with a transit station, surrounded by relatively high-density development, with progressively lower-density development spreading outward from the center. TOCs generally are located within a radius of 1/4 to 1/2 mile from a transit stop, as this is considered to be an appropriate scale for pedestrians.

